deductible provisions at §§ 410.152 and 410.160 of this chapter):

- (a) If the bill or request for payment indicates that the test was personally performed or supervised either by the physician who submitted the bill (or for whose services the request for payment was made), or by another physician with whom that physician shares his or her practice, the payment will be based on the physician's reasonable charge for the test (as determined in accordance with § 405.502).
- (b) If the bill or request for payment indicates that the test was performed by an outside laboratory, and identifies both the laboratory and the amount the laboratory charged, payment for the test will be based on the lower of—
- (1) The laboratory's reasonable charge for the service (as determined in accordance with §405.502), or
- (2) The amount that the laboratory charged the physician for the service.
- (c) If the bill or request for payment does not indicate that the conditions specified in paragraph (a) of this section were met, and does not identify both the laboratory and the amount the laboratory charged, payment will be based on the lowest charge at which the carrier estimates the test could have been secured from a laboratory serving the physician's locality. The will estimate this lowest carrier amount twice a year by (i) obtaining lists of charges laboratories make to physicians from as many commercial laboratories serving the carrier's area as possible (including laboratories in other States from which tests may be obtained by physicians in the carrier's service area) and (ii) establishing a schedule of lowest prices based on this information. The carrier will take into consideration specific circumstances, such as a need for emergency services that may be costlier than routine services, in making the estimate in a particular case. However, in no case may this estimate be higher than the lowest customary charge for commercial laboratories, or when applicable to the laboratory service, the lowest charge level determined in accordance with §405.511, in the carrier's service area.
- (d) When a physician bills, in accordance with paragraph (b) or (c) of this section, for a laboratory test and indi-

cates that it was performed by an independent laboratory, a nominal payment will also be made to the physician for collecting, handling, and shipping the specimen to the laboratory, if the physician bills for such a service.

[46 FR 42672, Aug. 24, 1981, as amended at 51 FR 41351, Nov. 14, 1986]

§405.517 Payment for drugs that are not paid on a cost or prospective payment basis.

- (a) Applicability. Payment for a drug that is not paid on a cost or prospective payment basis is determined by the standard methodology described in paragraph (b) of this section. Examples of when this procedure applies includes a drug furnished incident to a physician's service and a drug furnished by an independent dialysis facility that is not included in the ESRD composite rate set forth in §413.170(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Methodology. Payment for a drug described in paragraph (a) of this section is based on the lower of the estimated acquisition cost or the national average wholesale price of the drug. The estimated acquisition cost is determined based on surveys of the actual invoice prices paid for the drug. In calculating the estimated acquisition cost of a drug, the carrier may consider factors such as inventory, waste, and spoilage.
- (c) Multiple-Source drugs. For multiple-source drugs, payment is based on the lower of the estimated acquisition cost described in paragraph (b) of this section or the wholesale price that, for this purpose, is defined as the median price for all sources of the generic form of the drug.

[56 FR 59621, Nov. 25, 1991]

§ 405.534 Limitation on payment for screening mammography services.

(a) Basis and scope. This section implements section 1834(c) of the Act by establishing a limit on payment for screening mammography examinations. There are three categories of billing for screening mammography services. Those categories and the payment limitations on each are set forth in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.

- (b) Global or complete service billing representing both the professional and technical components of the procedure. If a fee is billed for a global service, the amount of payment subject to the deductible is equal to 80 percent of the least of the following:
 - (1) The actual charge for the service.
- (2) The amount established for the global procedure for a diagnostic bilateral mammogram under the fee schedule for physicians' services set forth at part 414, subpart A.
- (3) The payment limit for the procedure. For screening mammography services furnished in CY 1994, the payment limit is \$59.63. On January 1 of each subsequent year, the payment limit is updated by the percentage increase in the Medicare Economic Index (MEI) and reflects the relationship between the relative value units for the professional and technical components of a diagnostic bilateral mammogram under the fee schedule for physicians' services.
- (c) Professional component billing representing only the physician's interpretation for the procedure. If the professional component of screening mammography services is billed separately, the amount of payment for that professional component, subject to the deductible, is equal to 80 percent of the least of the following:
- (1) The actual charge for the professional component of the service.
- (2) The amount established for the professional component of a diagnostic bilateral mammogram under the fee schedule for physicians' services.
- (3) The professional component of the payment limit for screening mammography services described in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (d) Technical component billing representing other resources involved in furnishing the procedure. If the technical component of screening mammography services is billed separately, the amount of payment, subject to the deductible, is equal to 80 percent of the least of the following:
- (1) The actual charge for the technical component of the service.
- (2) The amount established for the technical component of a diagnostic bilateral mammogram under the fee schedule for physicians' services.

- (3) The technical component of the payment limit for screening mammography services described in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- [55 FR 53521, Dec. 31, 1990, as amended at 59 FR 49833, Sept. 30, 1994]

§405.535 Special rules for nonparticipating physicians and suppliers furnishing screening mammography services.

If screening mammography services are furnished to a beneficiary by a non-participating physician or supplier that does not accept assignment, a limiting charge applies to the charges billed to the beneficiary. The limiting charge is the lesser of the following:

- (a) 115 percent of the payment limit set forth in §405.534(b)(3), (c)(3), and (d)(3) (limitations on the global service, professional component, and technical component of screening mammography services, respectively).
- (b) The limiting charge for the global service, professional component, and technical component of a diagnostic bilateral mammogram under the fee schedule for physicians' services set forth at §414.48(b)(3) of this chapter.

[59 FR 49833, Sept. 30, 1994]

Subpart F—[Reserved]

Subpart G—Reconsiderations and Appeals Under Medicare Part A

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1102, 1155, 1869(b), 1871, 1872, and 1879 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302, 1320c-4, 1395ff(b), 1395hh, 1395ii, and 1395pp).

Source: 37 FR 5814, Mar. 22, 1972, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 42 FR 52826, Sept. 30, 1977.

§ 405.701 Basis, purpose and definitions.

(a) This subpart implements section 1869 of the Social Security Act. Section 1869(a) provides that the Secretary will make determinations about the following matters, and section 1869(b) provides for a hearing for an individual who is dissatisfied with the Secretary's determination as to: